Security and Privacy concerns on Artificial Intelligence-based Emotion Recognition Systems

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Abstract

Emotions play a crucial role in people’s daily lives. They are in every part of their day and convey information in a clear way during the communication. Apart from the communication among humans, it is crucial to convey emotions while interacting with devices. This brings an important ingredient to the traditional Human-Computer Interaction which is to enhance the concept with emotion detection. The ability to understand how the emotions are conveyed among people through devices/software becomes important when designing new technologies for people.

Emotion recognition can be used by companies to provide personalized information such as advertisements [1]. As a case in point, it can show the how mental health affect people’s life on social media platforms like Facebook, Instagram etc. [1][2][3]. Moreover, emotion recognition systems can be used to share the information to the people who most probably will reflect to those thorough behavioral implications [1][4][5]. However, the usage of some data such as age, location, messages, etc. while providing personalized content can cause privacy issues [6][7][8]. Therefore, some researchers conducted studies to provide information about the security, privacy and ethical effects of usage of such technologies [9][10].

Although in traditional HCI, emotions did not play a significant role whether it is chatbots or digital voice assistants such as Alexa, Siri etc. in the past, currently Artificial Intelligence (AI) based emotion detection is becoming increasingly popular in everyday activities. AI-based emotion recognition systems can read people’s feelings through text, voice tone, facial expressions, and gestures and can change their behaviors based on that which introduces three main problems. The first problem is the bias which happens in the most AI applications with the use of bias datasets. The second problem is privacy which covers keeping people’s personal data private. The third problem is the use of mass surveillance which is about the possibility of detecting people’s emotions through surveillance cameras and use by the government.

To solve these potential problems, it is crucial to further analyze the importance and privacy concerns of emotion detection and recognition in Human-Computer Interaction/Human-AI Interaction. The research was conducted by surveying 72 participants aged between 15 and 58. The survey includes the opinions of participants about the security and privacy concerns of AI-based emotion detection systems. The result of the conducted surveys and interviews shows that in general, people are not pessimistic about the AI-based emotion detection systems.
This research introduces the emotion recognition in Human-Computer Interaction and describes the general understanding, importance and privacy concerns in emotional Human-Computer Interaction/Human-AI Interaction. The findings explain that though some people believe that AI-based emotion recognition systems can cause security and privacy issues, the higher percentage of people are optimistic about the good usage of these technologies.

**CSS Concepts:** Human-centered computing → Empirical studies in HCI

**Keywords:** Emotion recognition, chatbots, digital voice assistants, privacy.

**Bibliography**


